Branches of Power

Name:

The Three Branches Fill in the chart with details.



Legislative

Who serves in this branch?

What do they do?



Executive

Who serves in this branch?

What do they do?



Judicial

Who serves in this branch?

What do they do?



Three Branches Graphic Organizer

Copy one

Copy one half sheet per student. Two versions are included. A supported ELL version is below.

Branches of Power

Name:

The Three Branches Use the word bank to fill in the chart with details.

The Fine Dianetes osciale word bank to him in the chart with actuals.

cabinet deliberate introduce bill propose ideas review law
Chief Justice hold hearing Vice President Representatives Senators

vote hold press conference President review bill Supreme Court Justices



Legislative

Who serves in this branch?

What do they do?



Executive

Who serves in this branch?

What do they do?



Judicial

Who serves in this branch?

What do they do?

Post-Game Activities

1. Who Does What? Mark the branches' column for each statement that is true for that branch. More than one box can be checked for each item.







1. Includes the President

2. Includes the Supreme Court

3. Includes Congress

4. Declares laws unconstitutional

5. Vetoes or signs laws

6. Impacts the content of a law

Holds hearings about a bill 7.

8. Writes clauses for the bill

9. Takes a vote on the bill

10. Deliberates on what's in the bill

2. Separation is All about "But" Some powers belong to the legislative branch, others to the executive, and yet others to the judicial. Using what you learned in the game, describe how the powers for impacting and shaping laws are divided among the three branches.

BUT

BUT ONLY

2.	The legislative branch	
	5	

the president can BUT

1. The legislative branch

the judicial branch can **BUT**

3. The president can

the legislative branch can

4. The president can

the legislative branch can

3. Will Your Bill Pass? Read the bill. Choose whether you would add the clauses or not. Explain to a partner or write an explanation for why.

BILL

Everyone needs organized healthcare at some point in their lives. What role does the government need to play?

Clause 1

All routine dental procedures will be covered by the government.

Clause 2

Allow individuals and families to choose how best to support their own health.





Clause 1 Yes _____ No ____

Why?

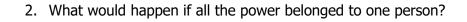
Clause 2 Yes _____ No ____

Why?



4. Discussion Questions. With a partner discuss each question. Use what you learned from the game and post game activities to help you. Write your answers.

1. How do the three branches check each other's power?





3. If you were going to be a member of a branch of government, which one would you want to be a part of? Why?

4. How is the lawmaking process affected if the president and Congress have different values?

5. Is This Constitutional? Imagine that you are a Supreme Court Justice. You are evaluating a law about civic engagement. Write if each clause is constitutional or unconstitutional and explain why. Use the amendments below to help you.

BILL

Let's find a way to increase civic engagement opportunities in communities large and small.

Clause 1

Require all residents to host a local soldier in their home to help the military save money.

Clause 2

Encourage schools to their rights under the Bill of Rights during social studies.

Clause 3

Allow citizens to work teach all students about together to shut down newspapers and websites that criticize the government.





Clause 1 Clause 2 Clause 3

Constitutional _____ Constitutional _____ Constitutional _____

Unconstitutional _____ Unconstitutional _____ Unconstitutional _____

Why? Why? Why?



1st Amendment: Freedom of Expression



3rd Amendment: Not House Soldiers

Branches of	Power M	lini-Quiz	Name:				
		•		match the branch to the person			
1. Legislative				A. President			
2. Exec	cutive			B. Speaker of the House			
3. Jud	icial			C. Chief Justice			
B. Multiple Choice	e. Select the be	est answer for each	question.				
	the government has the		5. How can a bill gain support in Congress?				
ability to influence can and cannot		b. Hold he	e clauses to gain more votes earings to learn about the issue so				
a. Checks and bab. Government ac. Executive Ager	pproval		the bill c. All of th	can be stronger e above			
6. How much support is needed to pass a bill in the Legislature?			7. What are the options when a bill to be signed comes before the president?				
a. At least 70% in b. More than 50% c. More than 50% 50% in the Ho	% in both hous % in the Senate		a. The President can sign (approve) or veto it.b. The President can hold a press conference about it.c. The President can call for a vote on it.				
C Fill In the Plan	k Complete of	ach contonco using t	ho word hanl	s below. One word will not be used.			
C. I III III tile Diaii	-	_		chambers, Congress can override			
the Constitution	the President's						
deliberate public support	9. Supreme Court justices use as their rulebook when judging laws.						
strike							
values	10. If a clause is not allowed by the Constitution, the court will the clause from the law.						
veto	the clause in	om the law.					
11. Holding a press conference helps generate							
Bonus: List two a	actions that eac	ch branch does.					
Legislative		Executive		Judicial			
1		1		1			

2.

2.

Glossary of Game Terms

	Giossai y oi	game re	
approve	(v.) to officially accept (an idea, action, plan, etc.)	lawmaker	(n.) someone who makes laws, legislator
bill	(n.) written description of a new law that is being suggested and that the lawmakers must vote to accept before it becomes law	Legislative branch	(n.) part of government responsible for making laws.
case	(n.) a situation that will be talked about and decided in court	press conference	(n.) an interview given to journalists by a public official in order to give information and answer questions
clause	(n.) a separate part of a legal document	rule / ruling	(n.) a legal decision made by a judge
Constitution	(n.) the document that explains how the US government works.	sign	(v.) to write your name in order to show that you approve or agree with something
checks and balances	a system by which each branch of government has powers that affect and control the other branches so that no branch becomes too powerful	strike (stricken)	(v.) to delete something (ie: this clause is stricken)
deliberate	(v.) to think about or talk about something very carefully in order to make a decision	support	(n.) approval or encouragement
Executive branch	(n.) part of government responsible for making sure laws are carried out and for managing the affairs of the nation	uphold	(v.) to support or defend (something, such as a law)
government	(n.) organization that is in control of a country, state, city, etc.	values	(n.) strongly held beliefs about what is important or acceptable
hearing	(n.) a meeting or session at which evidence and thoughts are presented to a group who will have to decide on what action should be taken	veto	(v.) to reject (a proposed law); to refuse to allow (a bill) to become a law
Judicial branch	(n.) part of government responsible for evaluating laws.	violate	(v.) to disobey a rule; to take away or ignore (something, such as a person's rights) in an unfair or illegal way
law	(n.) a rule made by the government of a country, state, city, etc.	vote	(v.) to make a selection during an election; to make a decision about something
			(n.) a choice made when participating in an election, meeting, in Congress, etc.

Branches of Power

Name:

1. Sort. Put the words into different categories of your choice. When you are done, explain each category to a partner.

approve / sign

case

clause

deliberate

executive

hearing

legislative

judicial

ruling

strike (a clause)

veto

vote

2. Pictures. Choose the best word from the glossary of game terms for each image. Then write a sentence explaining why the picture represents that word.



Branches of Power

Name:

3. My vocabulary. This organizer will help you remember the vocabulary terms. Fill out the chart with six words of your choice from the glossary. Write a definition and include a drawing. You may use a dictionary.

1.

2.

3.

Word:

Definition:

Word:

Definition:

Word:

Definition:

4.

5.

6.

Word:

Definition:

Word:

Definition:

Word:

Definition:

MY GLOSSARY